# 4Q21 Financial Results

January 14, 2022

# Agenda

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# 4Q21 Financial highlights

<b>ROTCE</b> <sup>1</sup> 19%		CET1 capital ratios <sup>2</sup> Std. 13.0%   Adv. 13.8%	Net payout LTM <sup>3</sup> 61%
Income statement	<ul><li>Excluding cree</li><li>Managed revenue</li></ul>	of \$10.4B and EPS of \$3.33 edit reserve releases <sup>4</sup> , net income of \$9.0B, E e of \$30.3B <sup>5</sup> B and managed overhead ratio of 59% <sup>5</sup>	EPS of \$2.86 and ROTCE of 17%
Balance sheet	<ul> <li>Excluding PF</li> <li>Deposits: average</li> <li>CET1 capital of \$2</li> </ul>	pans of \$1.1T up 6% YoY and up 2% QoQ PP, average loans of \$1.1T, up 8% YoY, up 3% e deposits of \$2.5T up 17% YoY and up 4% Q 214B <sup>2</sup> d CET1 capital ratio of 13.0% <sup>2</sup> ; Advanced CE	QoQ
Capital distributed		of \$3.0B or \$1.00 per share stock net repurchases <sup>7</sup>	

#### Significant items (\$mm, excluding EPS)

	Pretax	Net income	EPS
Firmwide net credit reserve release	\$1,839	\$1,398	0.47

<sup>1</sup> See note 4 on slide 19

<sup>2</sup> Represents the estimated Basel III common equity Tier 1 ("CET1") capital and ratio for the current period. See note 1 on slide 20

<sup>3</sup> Last twelve months ("LTM"). Net of stock issued to employees

<sup>4</sup> See note 3 on slide 19

 $^{\rm 5}$  See note 1 on slide 19

<sup>6</sup> Includes the impact of loans originated under the Paycheck Protection Program ("PPP")

<sup>7</sup> Includes the net impact of employee issuances

### 4Q21 Financial results<sup>1</sup>

#### \$B, except per share data

						\$ O/(U)	
					4Q21	3Q21	4Q20
Net interest income					\$13.7	\$0.5	\$0.4
Noninterest revenue					16.6	(0.6)	(0.2)
Managed revenue <sup>1</sup>	\$B	4Q21	3Q21	4Q20	30.3	(0.1)	0.2
Expense	Net charge-offs Reserve build/(release)	\$0.6 (1.8)		\$1.1 (2.9)	17.9	0.8	1.8
Credit costs	Credit costs	(\$1.3)	. ,	(\$1.9)	(1.3)	0.2	0.6
Net income			4Q21 Tax		> \$10.4	(\$1.3)	(\$1.7)
Net income applicable to comm	non stockholders		Effective rate Managed rate		\$9.9	(\$1.3)	(\$1.8)
EPS – diluted					\$3.33	(\$0.41)	(\$0.46)
ROE <sup>2</sup>		4Q21		D/H ratio	16%	18%	19%
ROTCE <sup>2,3</sup>		CCE CIE		63% 51%	19	22	24
Overhead ratio – managed <sup>1,2</sup>		CE AWM		41% 67%	59	56	53
Memo:							
NII ex. CIB Markets <sup>4</sup>					\$11.6	\$0.4	\$0.5
NIR ex. CIB Markets <sup>4</sup>					13.4	0.5	0.4
CIB Markets					5.3	(1.0)	(0.7)
Managed revenue <sup>1</sup>					30.3	(0.1)	0.2
Adjusted expense <sup>5</sup>					\$17.8	\$0.8	\$2.0
Adjusted overhead ratio <sup>1,2,5</sup>					58%	56%	52%
Note: Totals may not sum due to rounding <sup>1</sup> See note 1 on slide 19 <sup>2</sup> Actual numbers for all periods, not over/(under) <sup>3</sup> See note 4 on slide 19			2			JPMorgan Ch	HASE & CO

<sup>6</sup> See note 3 on slide 20

<sup>4</sup> See note 2 on slide 19 <sup>5</sup> See note 5 on slide 19

<sup>7</sup> Reflects fully taxable-equivalent ("FTE") adjustments of \$1.1B in 4Q21

### FY21 Financial results<sup>1</sup>

#### \$B, except per share data

							\$ O/(U)	
					FY2021	FY2020	FY2020	
Net interest income					\$52.7	\$55.0	(\$2.2)	
Noninterest revenue					72.6	67.9	4.6	
Managed revenue <sup>1</sup>	\$B		FY2021	FY2020	125.3	122.9	2.4	
Expense	Net charge-offs Reserve build/		\$2.9 (12.1)	\$5.3 12.2	71.3	66.7	4.7	
Credit costs	Credit costs	(	(\$9.3)	\$17.5	(9.3)	17.5	(26.7)	
Net income			<u>FY21 Ta</u>		\$48.3	\$29.1	\$19.2	
Net income applicable to commor	n stockholders		Effective rat lanaged rat		\$46.5	\$27.4	\$19.1	
EPS – diluted					\$15.36	\$8.88	\$6.48	
ROE <sup>2</sup>		FY2021 CCB		O/H ratio	19%	12%		
ROTCE <sup>2,3</sup>		CIB	25%	49%	23	14		
Overhead ratio – managed <sup>1,2</sup>		CB AWM				54		
Memo:								
NII ex. CIB Markets <sup>4</sup>					\$44.5	\$46.6	(\$2.1)	
NIR ex. CIB Markets <sup>4</sup>					53.4	46.8	6.6	
CIB Markets					27.4	29.5	(2.1)	
Managed revenue <sup>1</sup>					125.3	122.9	2.4	
Adjusted expense <sup>5</sup>					\$70.9	\$65.5	\$5.4	
Adjusted overhead ratio <sup>1,2,5</sup>					57%	53%		
Note: Totals may not sum due to rounding <sup>1</sup> See note 1 on slide 19 <sup>2</sup> Actual numbers for all periods, not over/(under) <sup>3</sup> See note 4 on slide 19 <sup>4</sup> See note 2 on slide 19 <sup>5</sup> See note 5 on slide 19			З	1		JPMorgan	CHASE & CO	

<sup>5</sup> See note 5 on slide 19
<sup>6</sup> See note 3 on slide 20

<sup>7</sup> Reflects fully taxable-equivalent ("FTE") adjustments of \$3.7B in 2021

### 4Q21 Reserves

#### Allowance for credit losses (\$B)

				,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
	Jan 1, 2020	Dec 31, 2020	Sep 30, 2021	4Q21 Build / (release)	Dec 31, 2021
Consumer					
Card	\$11.2	\$17.8	\$11.7	(\$1.4)	\$10.3
Home Lending	2.0	2.0	0.8	0.0	0.8
Other Consumer <sup>1</sup>	1.0	1.8	1.3	(0.1)	1.1
Total Consumer	14.2	21.6	13.7	(1.5)	12.1
Wholesale <sup>1</sup>	4.4	9.1	6.8	(0.3)	6.5
Securities	0.0	0.1	0.1	(0.0)	0.0
Firmwide	\$18.6	\$30.8	\$20.5	(\$1.8)	\$18.7

Note: Totals may not sum due to rounding

<sup>1</sup> Other Consumer includes AWM's mortgage portfolio and excludes risk-rated Business Banking and Auto dealer portfolios that are classified in Wholesale

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### Fortress balance sheet

#### \$B, except per share data

	4Q21	3Q21	4Q20
Risk-based capital metrics <sup>1</sup>			
CET1 capital	\$214	\$210	\$205
CET1 capital ratio – Standardized	13.0%	12.9%	13.1%
CET1 capital ratio – Advanced	13.8	13.6	13.8
Leverage-based capital metric <sup>2</sup>		1	Firm SLR ex. temporary relief <sup>2</sup> : 5.8%
Firm SLR	5.4%	5.5%	6.9%
Liquidity metrics <sup>3</sup>			
Firm LCR	111%	112%	110%
Bank LCR	178	174	160
Total excess HQLA	\$629	\$595	\$465
HQLA and unencumbered marketable securities	1,652	1,602	1,437
Balance sheet metrics			
Total assets (EOP) <sup>4</sup>	\$3,744	\$3,758	\$3,385
Deposits (average)	2,468	2,369	2,112
Tangible book value per share <sup>5</sup>	71.53	69.87	66.11

<sup>1</sup> Estimated for the current period. See note 1 on slide 20

<sup>2</sup> Estimated for the current period. Represents the supplementary leverage ratio ("SLR"); 4Q20 Firm SLR reflects temporary exclusions of U.S. Treasury securities and deposits at Federal Reserve Banks, which became effective

April 1, 2020 and remained in effect through March 31, 2021

<sup>3</sup> Estimated for the current period. Liquidity Coverage Ratio ("LCR") represents the average LCR for the Firm and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. ("Bank"). See note 2 on slide 20 JPMORGAN CHASE & CO.

<sup>4</sup> See note 3 on slide 20

<sup>5</sup> See note 4 on slide 19

# Consumer & Community Banking<sup>1</sup>

<ul> <li>Selected income statement d</li> </ul>	ata (\$mm) –		
		\$ O/(U)	
	4Q21	3Q21	4Q20
Revenue	\$12,275	(\$246)	(\$453)
Consumer & Business Banking	6,172	15	428
Home Lending	1,084	(316)	(372)
Card & Auto	5,019	55	(509)
Expense	7,754	516	712
Credit costs	(1,060)	(601)	(977)
Net charge-offs (NCOs)	515	24	(302)
Change in allowance	(1,575)	(625)	(675)
Net income	\$4,227	(\$114)	(\$98)

#### Key drivers / statistics (\$B)<sup>2</sup>

	4Q21	3Q21	4Q20
Equity	\$50.0	\$50.0	\$52.0
ROE	33%	34%	32%
Overhead ratio	63	58	55
Average loans	\$437.7	\$434.1	\$440.8
Average deposits	1,114.3	1,076.3	928.5
Active mobile customers (mm) <sup>3</sup>	45.5	44.3	40.9
Debit & credit card sales volume <sup>4</sup>	\$376.2	\$349.9	\$299.4

- Average loans down 1% YoY and up 1% QoQ
  - Ex-PPP, average loans of \$429.9B, up 2% YoY and QoQ
- Average deposits up 20% YoY and up 4% QoQ
- Active mobile customers up 11% YoY
- Debit & credit card sales volume up 26% YoY
- Client investment assets up 22% YoY

<sup>1</sup> See note 1 on slide 19

For additional footnotes see slide 21

#### Financial performance

- Net income of \$4.2B, down 2% YoY
- Revenue of \$12.3B, down 4% YoY
- Expense of \$7.8B, up 10% YoY, driven by increased compensation, technology and marketing expense as we continue to invest in and grow the business
- Credit costs: net benefit of \$1.1B
  - Card: \$1.4B reserve release vs. no reserve action in 4Q20
  - CBB: \$100mm reserve release vs. no reserve action in 4Q20
  - HL: no reserve action in 4Q21 vs. \$900mm release in 4Q20
  - Auto: \$75mm reserve release vs. no reserve action in 4Q20

Key drivers / statistics (\$B) – detail by business					
_	4Q21	3Q21	4Q20		
Consumer & Business Banking					
Business Banking average loans <sup>5</sup>	\$28.9	\$35.6	\$43.7		
Business Banking loan originations	0.9	0.8	0.7		
Client investment assets (EOP)	718.1	681.5	590.2		
Deposit margin	1.22%	1.29%	1.41%		
Home Lending					
Average loans	\$183.3	\$181.2	\$185.7		
Loan originations <sup>6</sup>	42.2	41.6	32.5		
Third-party mortgage loans serviced (EOP)	534.2	509.3	447.3		
Net charge-off/(recovery) rate	(0.17)%	(0.18)%	(0.11)%		
Card & Auto					
Card average loans	\$148.5	\$142.0	\$141.2		
Auto average loans and leased assets	86.2	86.5	85.2		
Auto loan and lease originations	8.5	11.5	11.0		
Card net charge-off rate	1.28%	1.39%	2.17%		
Credit Card net revenue rate	9.61	9.74	11.22		
Credit Card sales volume <sup>4</sup>	\$254.1	\$232.0	\$197.0		

# Corporate & Investment Bank<sup>1</sup>

		\$ O/	(U)
	4Q21	3Q21	4Q20
Revenue	\$11,534	(\$862)	\$182
Investment Banking revenue	3,206	181	709
Payments <sup>2</sup>	1,801	177	374
Lending	263	19	70
Total Banking	5,270	377	1,153
Fixed Income Markets	3,334	(338)	(616)
Equity Markets	1,954	(643)	(35)
Securities Services	1,064	(62)	11
Credit Adjustments & Other	(88)	(196)	(331)
Total Markets & Securities Services	6,264	(1,239)	(971)
Expense	5,827	(44)	888
Credit costs	(126)	512	455
Net income	\$4,847	(\$715)	(\$502)

#### - Key drivers / statistics (\$B)<sup>3</sup>

	4Q21	3Q21	4Q20
Equity	\$83.0	\$83.0	\$80.0
ROE	22%	26%	26%
Overhead ratio	51	47	44
Comp/revenue	20	23	17
IB fees (\$mm)	\$3,502	\$3,297	\$2,558
Average loans	206.0	203.5	165.0
Average client deposits <sup>4</sup>	717.5	714.4	683.8
Merchant processing volume (\$B) <sup>5</sup>	514.9	470.9	444.5
Assets under custody (\$T)	33.2	32.0	31.0
ALL/EOP loans ex-conduits and trade <sup>6</sup>	1.12%	1.29%	2.54%
Net charge-off/(recovery) rate <sup>6</sup>	0.06	0.01	0.27
Average VaR (\$mm)	\$37	\$33	\$91

Financial performance

Net income of \$4.8B, down 9% YoY; revenue of \$11.5B, up 2% YoY

#### Banking revenue

- IB revenue of \$3.2B, up 28% YoY
  - IB fees up 37% YoY, predominantly driven by higher advisory fees
- Payments revenue of \$1.8B, up 26% YoY, or up 7% excluding net gains on equity investments, predominantly driven by higher fees and deposits, largely offset by deposit margin compression
- Lending revenue was \$263mm, up 36% YoY, predominantly driven by lower mark-to-market losses on hedges of accrual loans compared to the prior year

#### Markets & Securities Services revenue

- Markets revenue of \$5.3B, down 11% YoY
  - Fixed Income Markets revenue of \$3.3B, down 16% YoY, driven by a challenging trading environment in Rates, as well as lower revenues in Credit and Currencies & Emerging Markets compared to a strong prior year
  - Equity Markets revenue of \$2.0B, down 2% YoY, driven by lower revenue in derivatives, largely offset by higher revenue in Prime
- Securities Services revenue of \$1.1B, relatively flat YoY
- Expense of \$5.8B, up 18% YoY, predominantly driven by higher compensation expense, including investments, as well as higher volume-related brokerage expense and higher legal expense
- **Credit costs:** net benefit of \$126mm, driven by a net reserve release

<sup>1</sup> See note 1 on slide 19

# Commercial Banking<sup>1</sup>

Selected income statement dat	a (\$mm) —		
	\$ O/(U)		
	4Q21	3Q21	4Q20
Revenue	\$2,612	\$92	\$149
Middle Market Banking	1,062	45	115
Corporate Client Banking	928	50	72
Commercial Real Estate Banking	614	12	(16)
Other	8	(15)	(22)
Expense	1,059	27	109
Credit costs	(89)	274	1,092
Net income	\$1,251	(\$156)	(\$783)

Key drivers / statistics (\$B) <sup>2</sup>			
	4Q21	3Q21	4Q20
Equity	\$24.0	\$24.0	\$22.0
ROE	20%	22%	36%
Overhead ratio	41	41	39
Gross IB revenue (\$mm)	\$1,456	\$1,343	\$971
Average loans <sup>3</sup>	205.6	202.6	212.2
Average client deposits	323.8	300.6	276.7
Allowance for loan losses	2.2	2.4	3.3
Nonaccrual loans <sup>4</sup>	0.7	0.7	1.4
Net charge-off/(recovery) rate <sup>5</sup>	0.02%	0.06%	0.31%
ALL/loans <sup>5</sup>	1.08	1.17	1.60

#### Financial performance

- Net income of \$1.3B, down 38% YoY, driven by lower credit reserve releases compared to the prior year
- Revenue of \$2.6B, up 6% YoY, driven by higher investment banking revenue
  - Record gross IB revenue of \$1.5B, up 50% YoY
- Expense of \$1.1B, up 11% YoY, largely driven by investments in the business, including technology and front office hires, and higher volume- and revenue-related expense
- Credit costs: net benefit of \$89mm
  - Net charge-offs were \$8mm
- Average loans of \$206B, down 3% YoY and up 2% QoQ
  - C&I<sup>6</sup> down 5% YoY and up 2% QoQ
    - Ex-PPP, flat YoY and up 4% QoQ
  - CRE<sup>6</sup> down 1% YoY and up 1% QoQ
- Average deposits of \$324B, up 17% YoY and up 8% QoQ, as client cash positions are seasonally highest toward year end

<sup>1</sup> See note 1 on slide 19

#### For additional footnotes see slide 21

### Asset & Wealth Management<sup>1</sup>

Net income	\$1,146	(\$48)	\$360
Credit costs	(36)	24	(34)
Expense	2,997	235	241
Global Private Bank <sup>2</sup>	1,985	22	328
Asset Management	2,488	151	278
Revenue	\$4,473	\$173	\$606
	4Q21	3Q21	4Q20
	_	\$ O/(U)	

Key drivers / statistics (\$B)<sup>3</sup>

	4Q21	3Q21	4Q20
Equity	\$14.0	\$14.0	\$10.5
ROE	32%	33%	29%
Pretax margin	34	37	29
Assets under management ("AUM")	\$3,113	\$2,996	\$2,716
Client assets	4,295	4,096	3,652
Average loans	209.2	200.6	176.8
Average deposits	264.6	229.7	180.3

<sup>1</sup> See note 1 on slide 19

<sup>2</sup> In the first quarter of 2021, the Wealth Management business was renamed Global Private Bank

<sup>3</sup> Actual numbers for all periods, not over/(under)

#### **Financial performance**

- Net income of \$1.1B, up 46% YoY
- Revenue of \$4.5B, up 16% YoY, predominantly driven by higher management fees and growth in deposits and loans, partially offset by deposit margin compression
- Expense of \$3.0B, up 9% YoY, driven by higher performance-related compensation and distribution fees, higher structural expense, as well as higher investments in the business, partially offset by lower legal expense compared to the prior year
- AUM of \$3.1T and client assets of \$4.3T, up 15% and 18% YoY respectively, driven by cumulative net inflows and higher market levels
  - Net inflows of \$34B for long-term and \$20B for liquidity products
- Average loans of \$209B, up 18% YoY and up 4% QoQ
- Average deposits of \$265B, up 47% YoY and up 15% QoQ

### Corporate<sup>1</sup>

Selected income statement data (\$mm)			
	_	\$ O/(U)	
	4Q21	3Q21	4Q20
Revenue	(\$545)	\$751	(\$296)
Expense	251	91	(110)
Credit costs	23	30	65
Net income/(loss)	(\$1,072)	(\$255)	(\$714)

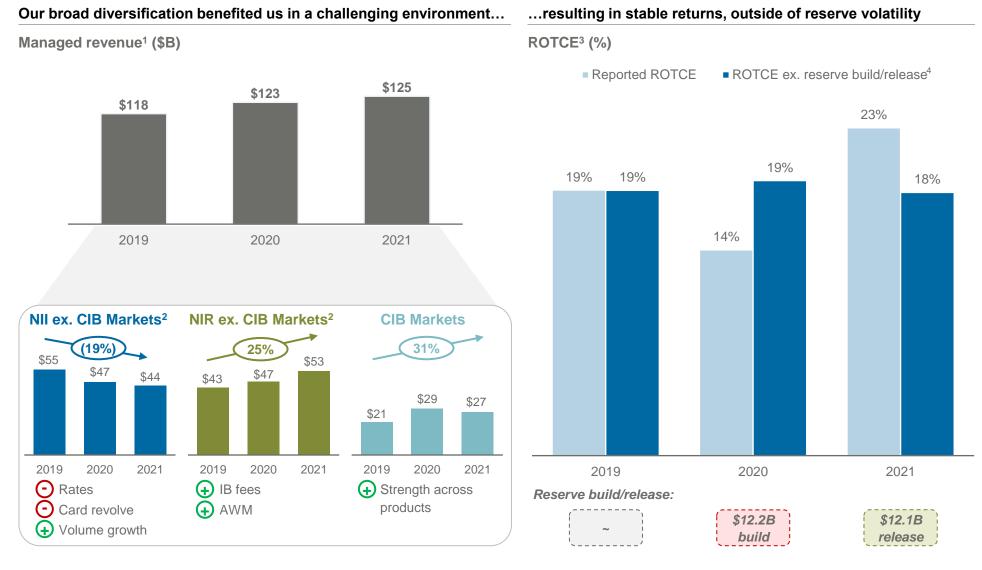
#### **Financial performance**

- Revenue was a loss of \$545mm
  - Net interest income was a loss of \$681mm, up \$160mm, primarily due to higher rates, mostly offset by continued deposit growth
  - Noninterest revenue was \$136mm, down \$456mm, primarily due to lower net gains on legacy equity investments
- **Expense**: Noninterest expense of \$251mm, down \$110mm YoY

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Our complete, global, diverse and at-scale operating model allowed us to capitalize on macro cross-currents and generate stable returns throughout the pandemic...



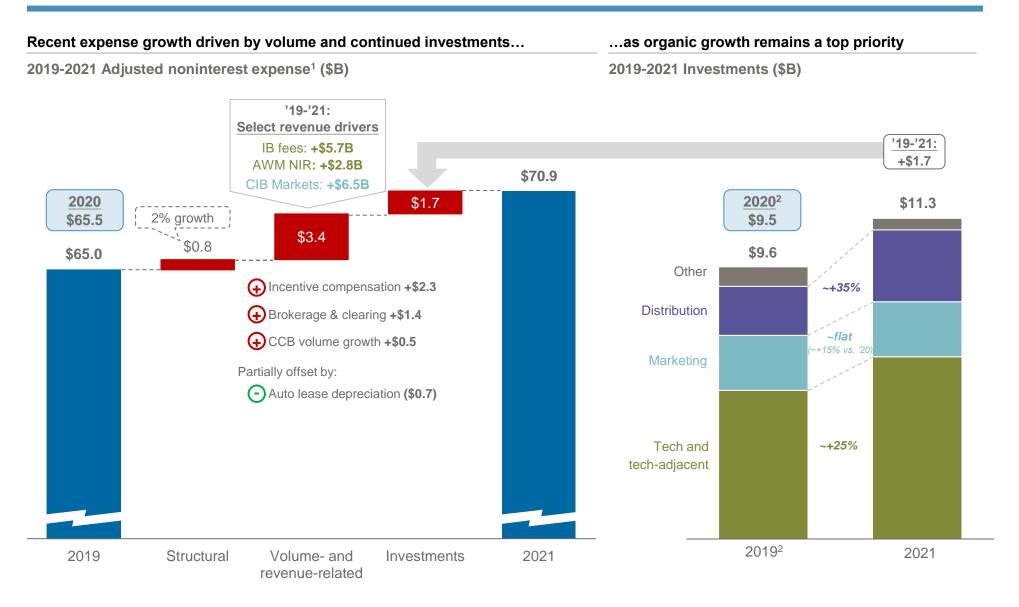
Note: Totals may not sum due to rounding

<sup>1</sup> See note 1 on slide 19

<sup>2</sup> See note 2 on slide 19

<sup>3</sup> See note 4 on slide 19 <sup>4</sup> See note 3 on slide 19

### ...allowing us to continue to invest and further strengthen our franchise



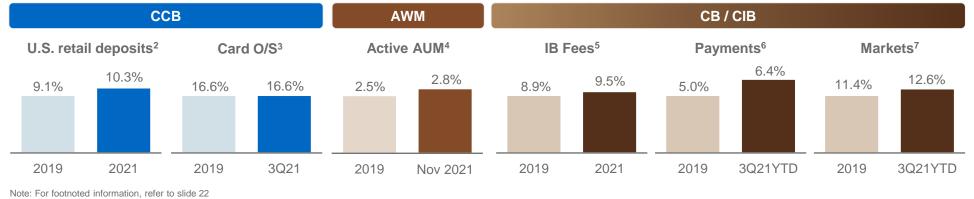
<sup>1</sup> See note 5 on slide 19

<sup>2</sup> Prior-period amounts have been revised to conform with the current presentation

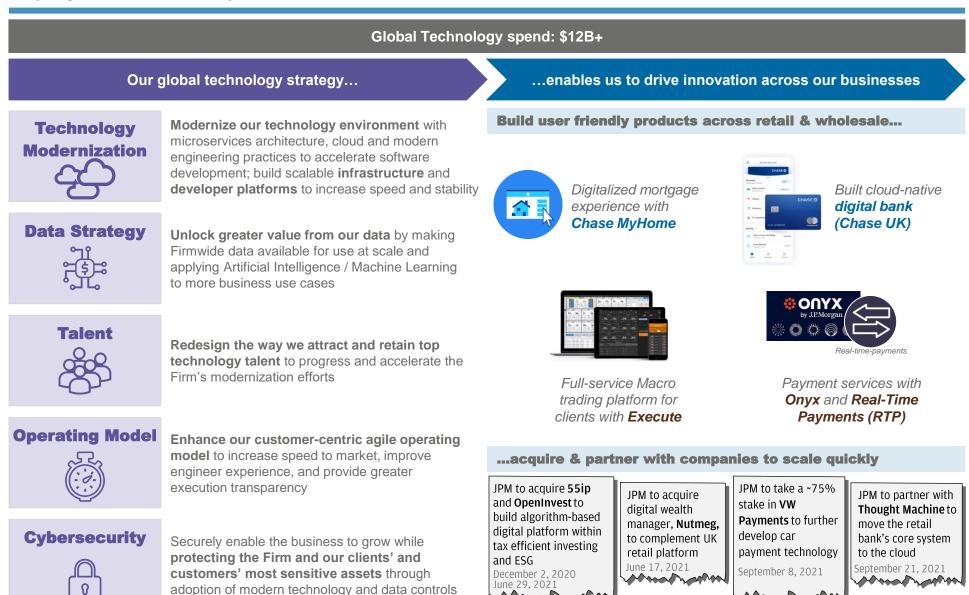
Since the beginning of 2019, we have expanded our presence both domestically and internationally, bringing our capabilities to more customers, clients and communities...



#### We are gaining market share across our businesses



...and we continue to invest in our technology stack so that we can quickly build and deploy best-in-class products across our businesses

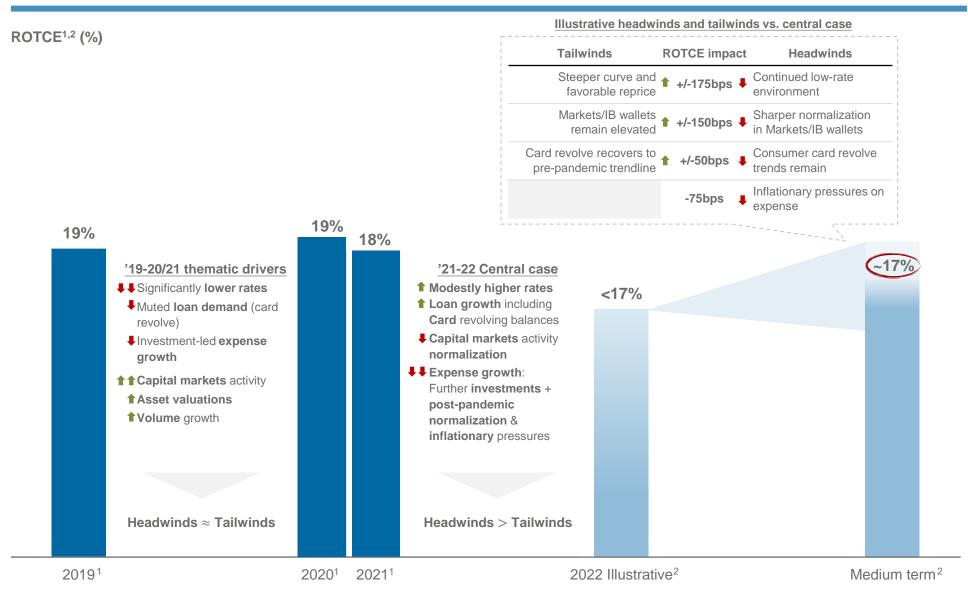


JPMORGAN CHASE & CO.

# Agenda

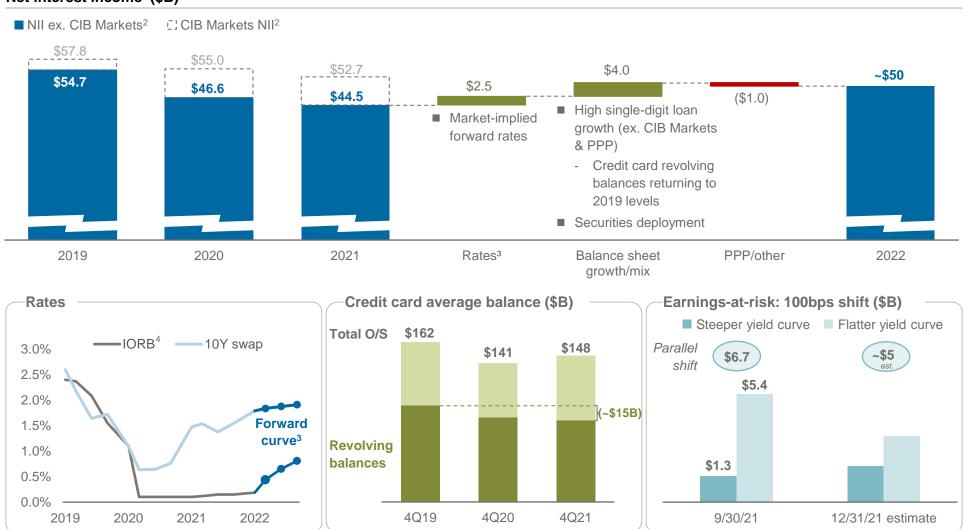
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### Despite short-term headwinds, 17% ROTCE remains our central case in the medium term



<sup>1</sup> ROTCE ex. reserve release/build. See note 3 on slide 19 <sup>2</sup> ROTCE. See note 4 on slide 19

In addition to higher rates, we expect loan growth, including normalization of card revolve to contribute to NII growth in 2022



Net interest income<sup>1</sup> (\$B)

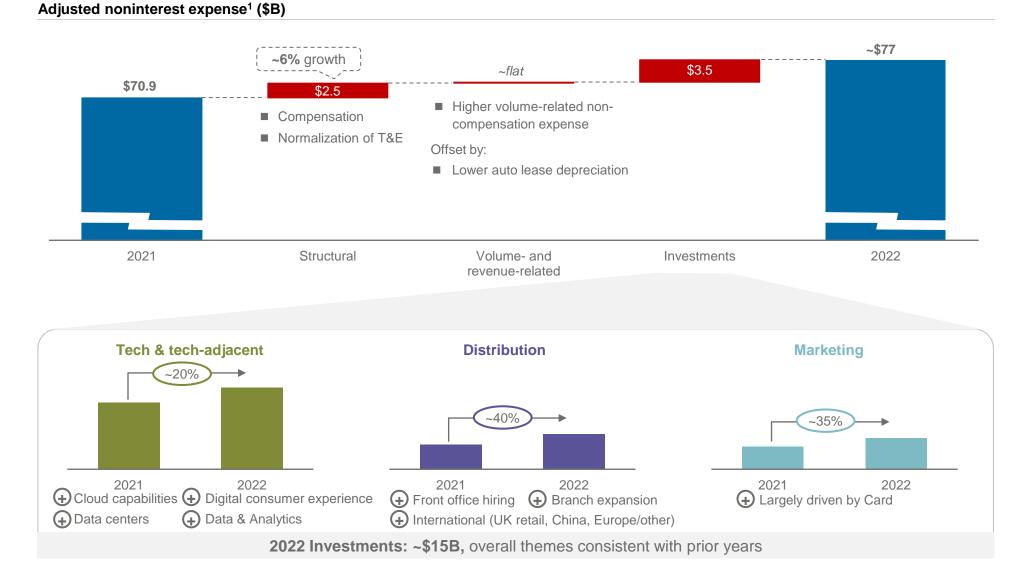
<sup>1</sup> See note 1 on slide 19

<sup>2</sup> See note 2 on slide 19

<sup>3</sup> Outlook is based on implied rate curve as of January 5, 2022

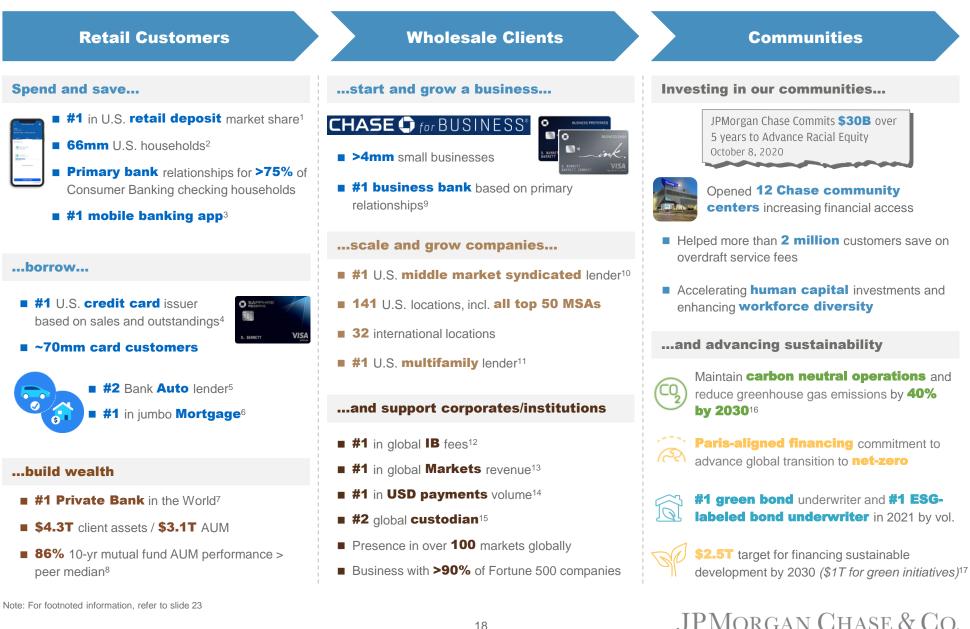
<sup>4</sup> Interest on reserve balances (IORB)

# The continued execution of our investment agenda is the main driver of our 2022 expense outlook...



<sup>1</sup> See note 5 on slide 19

...and we believe we are as well positioned as we have ever been to best serve our customers, clients and communities



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- 1. In addition to analyzing the Firm's results on a reported basis, management reviews Firmwide results, including the overhead ratio, on a "managed" basis; these Firmwide managed basis results are non-GAAP financial measures. The Firm also reviews the results of the lines of business on a managed basis. The Firm's definition of managed basis starts, in each case, with the reported U.S. GAAP results and includes certain reclassifications to present total net revenue for the Firm and each of the reportable business segments on a fully taxable-equivalent basis. Accordingly, revenue from investments that receive tax credits and tax-exempt securities is presented in the managed results on a basis comparable to taxable investments and securities. These financial measures allow management to assess the comparability of revenue from year-to-year arising from both taxable and tax-exempt sources. The corresponding income tax impact related to tax-exempt items is recorded within income tax expense. These adjustments have no impact on net income as reported by the Firm as a whole or by the lines of business. For a reconciliation of the Firm's results from a reported to managed basis, refer to page 7 of the Earnings Release Financial Supplement
- 2. In addition to reviewing net interest income ("NII") and noninterest revenue ("NIR") on a managed basis, management also reviews these metrics excluding CIB Markets. CIB Markets consists of Fixed Income Markets and Equity Markets. These metrics, which exclude CIB Markets, are non-GAAP financial measures. Management reviews these metrics to assess the performance of the Firm's lending, investing (including asset-liability management) and deposit-raising activities, without the volatility arising from CIB Markets. In addition, management also assesses CIB Markets business performance on a total revenue basis as offsets may occur across revenue lines. Management believes that disclosure of these measures provides investors and analysts with other measures by which to analyze the revenue trends of the Firm. For the full year 2019, NII ex. CIB Markets is calculated by excluding CIB Markets NII of \$3.1B from managed NII of \$57.8B, and NIR ex. CIB Markets is calculated by excluding CIB Markets NII of \$3.2B from managed NII of \$57.8B, and NIR ex. CIB Markets is calculated by excluding CIB Markets NII of \$3.2B from managed NII of \$57.8B, and NIR ex. CIB Markets is calculated by excluding CIB Markets NII of \$17.8B from managed NIR of \$60.7B. For the full year 2019, managed NII and NIR include \$531mm and \$2.5B of fully taxable-equivalent adjustments, respectively. For all other periods presented, refer to the reconciliation of NII and NIR from reported to excluding CIB Markets on page 28 of the Earnings Release Financial Supplement
- 3. Net income, earnings per share and return on tangible common equity ("ROTCE") excluding the Firmwide net credit reserve release are non-GAAP financial measures. The net credit reserve release represents the portion of the provision for credit losses attributable to the change in allowance for credit losses. Excluding the net credit reserve release in the fourth quarter of 2021 resulted in a decrease of \$1.4B (after tax) to reported net income from \$10.4B to \$9.0B; a decrease of \$0.47 per share to reported EPS from \$3.33 to \$2.86; and a decrease of 2% to ROTCE from 19% to 17%. Excluding the net credit reserve release resulted in a decrease of 5% to full year 2020 ROTCE from 14% to 19%. Management believes these measures provide useful information to investors and analysts in assessing the Firm's results
- 4. Tangible common equity ("TCE"), ROTCE and tangible book value per share ("TBVPS"), are each non-GAAP financial measures. TCE represents the Firm's common stockholders' equity (i.e., total stockholders' equity less preferred stock) less goodwill and identifiable intangible assets (other than mortgage servicing rights), net of related deferred tax liabilities. For a reconciliation from common stockholders' equity to TCE, refer to page 9 of the Earnings Release Financial Supplement. ROTCE measures the Firm's net income applicable to common equity as a percentage of average TCE. TBVPS represents the Firm's TCE at period-end divided by common shares at period-end. Book value per share was \$88.07, \$86.36 and \$81.75 at December 31, 2021, September 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, respectively. TCE, ROTCE and TBVPS are utilized by the Firm, as well as investors and analysts, in assessing the Firm's use of equity
- 5. Adjusted expense and adjusted overhead ratio are each non-GAAP financial measures. Adjusted expense excludes Firmwide legal expense of \$137mm, \$76mm and \$276mm for the three months ended December 31, 2021, September 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, respectively; and \$426mm, \$1.1B and \$239mm for the full year 2021, 2020 and 2019, respectively. The adjusted overhead ratio measures the Firm's adjusted expense as a percentage of adjusted managed net revenue. Management believes this information helps investors understand the effect of these items on reported results and provides an alternate presentation of the Firm's performance
- 6. Corporate & Investment Bank ("CIB") calculates the ratio of the allowance for loan losses to end-of-period loans ("ALL/EOP") excluding the impact of consolidated Firm-administered multi-seller conduits and trade finance loans, to provide a more meaningful assessment of CIB's allowance coverage ratio

# Additional notes

- 1. Reflects the relief provided by the Federal Reserve Board in response to the COVID-19 pandemic, including the CECL capital transition provisions that became effective in the first quarter of 2020 and expired on December 31, 2021. For the periods ended December 31, 2021, September 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the impact of the CECL capital transition provisions resulted in an increase to CET1 capital of \$2.9B, \$3.3B and \$5.7B, respectively. The cumulative impact of \$2.9B not recognized in CET1 capital at December 31, 2021 will be phased in at 25% per year beginning January 1, 2022. Refer to Capital Risk Management on pages 48-53 of the Firm's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2021 for additional information on the Firm's 2020 Form 10-K for Regulatory Developments Relating to the COVID-19 Pandemic on pages 52-53 and Capital Risk Management on pages 91-101 of the Firm's 2020 Form 10-K for additional information
- 2. Total excess high-quality liquid assets ("HQLA") represent the average eligible unencumbered liquid assets that are in excess of what is required to meet the estimated Firm and Bank total net cash outflows over a prospective 30 calendar-day period of significant stress under the LCR rule. HQLA and unencumbered marketable securities, includes the Firm's average eligible HQLA, other end-of-period HQLA-eligible securities which are included as part of the excess liquidity at the Bank that are not transferable to non-bank affiliates and thus excluded from the Firm's LCR under the LCR rule, and other end-of-period unencumbered marketable securities, such as equity and debt securities. Does not include borrowing capacity at Federal Home Loan Banks and the discount window at the Federal Reserve Bank. Refer to Liquidity Risk Management on pages 54-58 of the Firm's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2021 and on pages 102-108 of the Firm's 2020 Form 10-K for additional information
- 3. In the first quarter of 2021, the Firm reclassified certain deferred investment tax credits from accounts payable and other liabilities to other assets to be a reduction to the carrying value of certain tax-oriented investments. The reclassification also resulted in an increase in income tax expense and a corresponding increase in other income, with no effect on net income. Prior-period amounts have been revised to conform with the current presentation, including the Firm's effective income tax rate. The reclassification did not change the Firm's results of operations on a managed basis. Refer to page 2 of the Earnings Release Financial Supplement for further information

### Additional notes on slides 6-8

#### Slide 6 – Consumer & Community Banking

- 2. Actual numbers for all periods, not over/(under)
- 3. Users of all mobile platforms who have logged in within the past 90 days
- 4. Excludes Commercial Card
- 5. Includes the impact of loans originated under the PPP. For further information, refer to page 12 of the Earnings Release Financial Supplement
- 6. Firmwide mortgage origination volume was \$48.2B, \$46.1B, \$37.0B for the three months ended December 31, 2021, September 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, respectively

#### Slide 7 – Corporate & Investment Bank

- 2. In the fourth quarter of 2021, the Wholesale Payments business was renamed Payments
- 3. Actual numbers for all periods, not over/(under)
- 4. Client deposits and other third-party liabilities pertain to the Payments and Securities Services businesses
- 5. Represents total merchant processing volume across CIB, CCB and CB
- 6. Loans held-for-sale and loans at fair value were excluded when calculating the loan loss coverage ratio and net charge-off/(recovery) rate. ALL/EOP loans as reported was 0.84%, 0.95%, and 1.77% at December 31, 2021, September 30, 2021 and December 30, 2020, respectively. See note 6 on slide 19

#### Slide 8 – Commercial Banking

- 2. Actual numbers for all periods, not over/(under)
- 3. Includes the impact of loans originated under the PPP. For further information, refer to page 19 of the Earnings Release Financial Supplement
- 4. At December 31, 2021, nonaccrual loans excluded PPP loans 90 or more days past due and insured by the SBA of \$114 million. These amounts have been excluded based upon the SBA guarantee. There were no PPP loans 90 or more days past due in all other periods presented
- 5. Loans held-for-sale and loans at fair value were excluded when calculating the net charge-off/(recovery) rate and loan loss coverage ratio
- 6. Commercial and Industrial ("C&I") and Commercial Real Estate ("CRE") groupings for CB are generally based on client segments and do not align with regulatory definitions

### Additional notes on slide 13

- 1. CCBSI International Expansion targeting non-US headquartered global companies
- 2. Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") 2021 Summary of Deposits survey per S&P Global Market Intelligence. Includes a \$1B deposit cap for market share. Includes all commercial banks, savings banks, and savings institutions as defined by the FDIC
- 3. Based on company filings (C, BAC, COF, AXP, DFS) and internal JPMorgan Chase estimates. Excludes commercial card. Outstandings exclude private label Amex Charge Card, Citi Retail Cards. AXP reflects the U.S. Consumer segment and internal JPMorgan Chase estimates for AXP's U.S. small business sales
- 4. ISS Market Intelligence Simfund as of November 2021. Active, long term, open-ended mutual funds and ETFs only
- 5. Dealogic as of January 3, 2022
- 6. Coalition Greenwich Treasury Services Competitor Analytics JPMorgan's Share of Industry Revenue Pools reflects JPMorgan's internal business structure
- 7. Coalition Greenwich Markets Competitor Analytics JPMorgan's Share of Industry Revenue Pools reflects JPMorgan's internal CIB business structure and excludes the impact of Archegos

### Additional notes on slide 18

- 1. Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") 2021 Summary of Deposits survey per S&P Global Market Intelligence. Includes a \$1B deposit cap for market share. Includes all commercial banks, savings banks, and savings institutions as defined by the FDIC
- 2. Reflects households as of November 2021
- 3. #1 Overall Rank, US Mobile Banking Emerging Features Benchmark 2021 (December 2021), Insider Intelligence
- 4. Ranked #1 in outstandings and purchase volume based on Nilson Report, February 2021 release, with permission of the Nilson Report
- 5. Experian AutoCount data for 3Q21. Reflects financing market share for new and used loan and lease units at franchised and independent dealers
- 6. Inside Mortgage Finance, as of nine months ended September 2021. Reflects Firmwide Non-Agency jumbo originations
- 7. Global Finance Media, November 2021
- 8. All quartile rankings, the assigned peer categories and the asset values used to derive these rankings are sourced from the fund rating providers. Quartile rankings are based on the net-of-fee absolute return of each fund. Where applicable, the fund rating providers redenominate asset values into U.S. dollars. The percentage of AUM is based on fund performance and associated peer rankings at the share class level for U.S.-domiciled funds, at a "primary share class" level to represent the quartile ranking for U.K., Luxembourg and Hong Kong funds and at the fund level for all other funds. The performance data may have been different if all share classes had been included. Past performance is not indicative of future results. Primary share class means the C share class for European funds and Acc share class for Hong Kong and Taiwan funds. If these share classes are not available, the oldest share class is used as the primary share class
- 9. Barlow Research Associates, Primary Bank Market Share Database as of 3Q21. Rolling eight quarter average of small businesses with revenues of \$100K <\$25mm
- 10. Refinitiv, as of December 31, 2021
- 11. S&P Global Market Intelligence, as of September 30, 2021
- 12. Dealogic as of January 3, 2022
- 13. Coalition rank as of 3QYTD
- 14. Based on third-party data
- 15. Ranking based on externally reported assets under custody as of 3Q21
- 16. Please see pages 28-31 of our 2020 ESG Report, which details how we use offset credits to address emissions that we are unable to abate through energy efficiency improvements, sourcing renewables, or other measures
- 17. For our approach for determining what business activity is eligible to count toward our target and how we quantify the value of transactions toward our target, please see Our Approach to Our Sustainable Development Target", which is available on JPMorgan Chase & Co.'s website (<u>https://www.jpmorganchase.com/content/dam/jpmc/jpmorganchase.acd-co/documents/jpmc-sdt-approach-2021.pdf</u>)

This presentation contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These statements are based on the current beliefs and expectations of JPMorgan Chase & Co.'s management and are subject to significant risks and uncertainties. Actual results may differ from those set forth in the forward-looking statements. Factors that could cause JPMorgan Chase & Co.'s actual results to differ materially from those described in the forward-looking statements can be found in JPMorgan Chase & Co.'s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2020 and Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q for the quarterly periods ended September 30, 2021, June 30, 2021 and March 31, 2021, which have been filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission and are available on JPMorgan Chase & Co.'s website (https://jpmorganchaseco.gcs-web.com/financial-information/sec-filings), and on the Securities and Exchange Commission's website (www.sec.gov). JPMorgan Chase & Co. does not undertake to update any forward-looking statements.