# INVESTOR DAY 2023

## FIRM OVERVIEW

► Firm Overview

**Global Technology** 

**Consumer & Community Banking** 

Corporate & Investment Bank

**Commercial Banking** 

Asset & Wealth Management

JPMORGAN CHASE & CO.

## Topics of discussion

| Firm overview         |
|-----------------------|
| Operating environment |
| Financial results     |
| Outlook               |
| Conclusion            |

## We have a proven operating model that is supported by a consistent strategic framework



## Complete



## Global

## Diversified

## At Scale

#### **Exceptional client** franchises

- Customer centric and easy to do business with
- **Comprehensive** set of products and services
- Focus on safety and security
- Powerful brands

## **Unwavering** principles Fortress balance sheet

- Risk governance and controls
- Culture and conduct
- Operational resilience

#### **Long-term** shareholder value

- Continuously investing in the future while maintaining expense discipline
- Focus on customer experience and innovation
- Employer of choice for top and diverse talent

#### **Sustainable** business practices

- Investing in and supporting our communities
- Integrating environmental sustainability into business and operating decisions
- Serving a diverse customer base
- Promoting sound governance







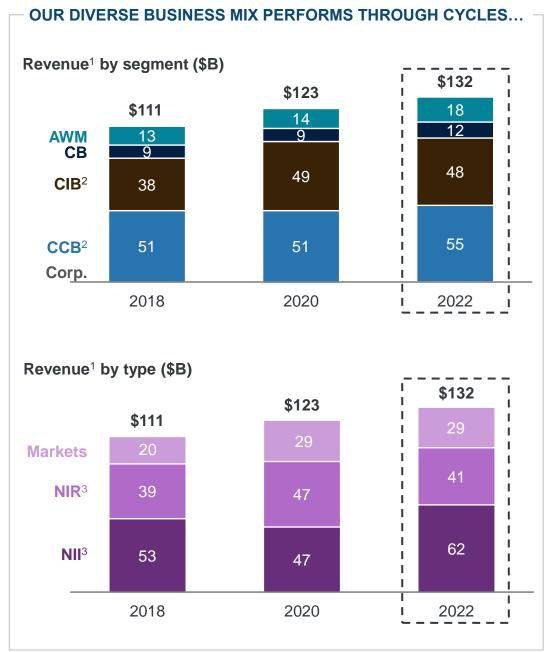


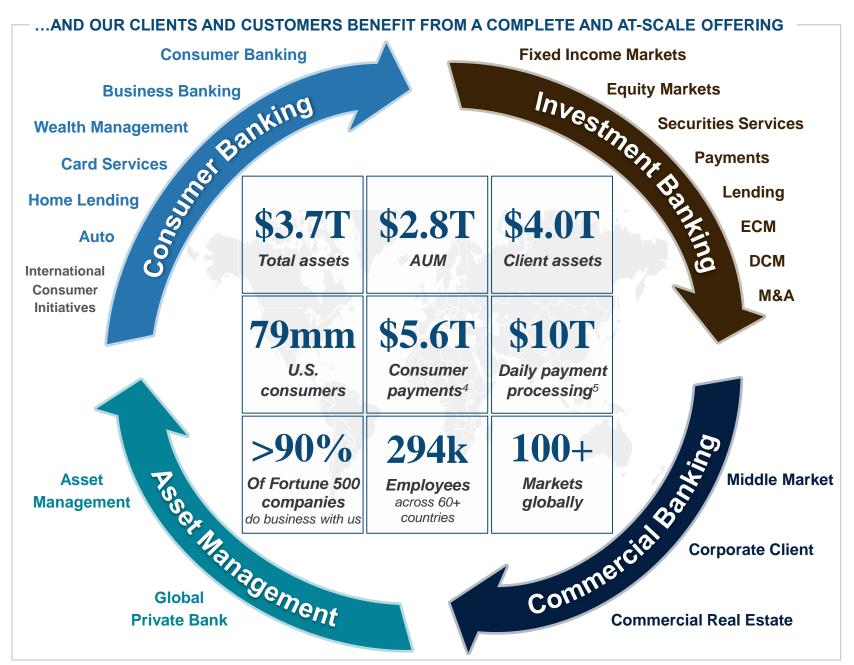
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### We have leading client and customer-centric franchises

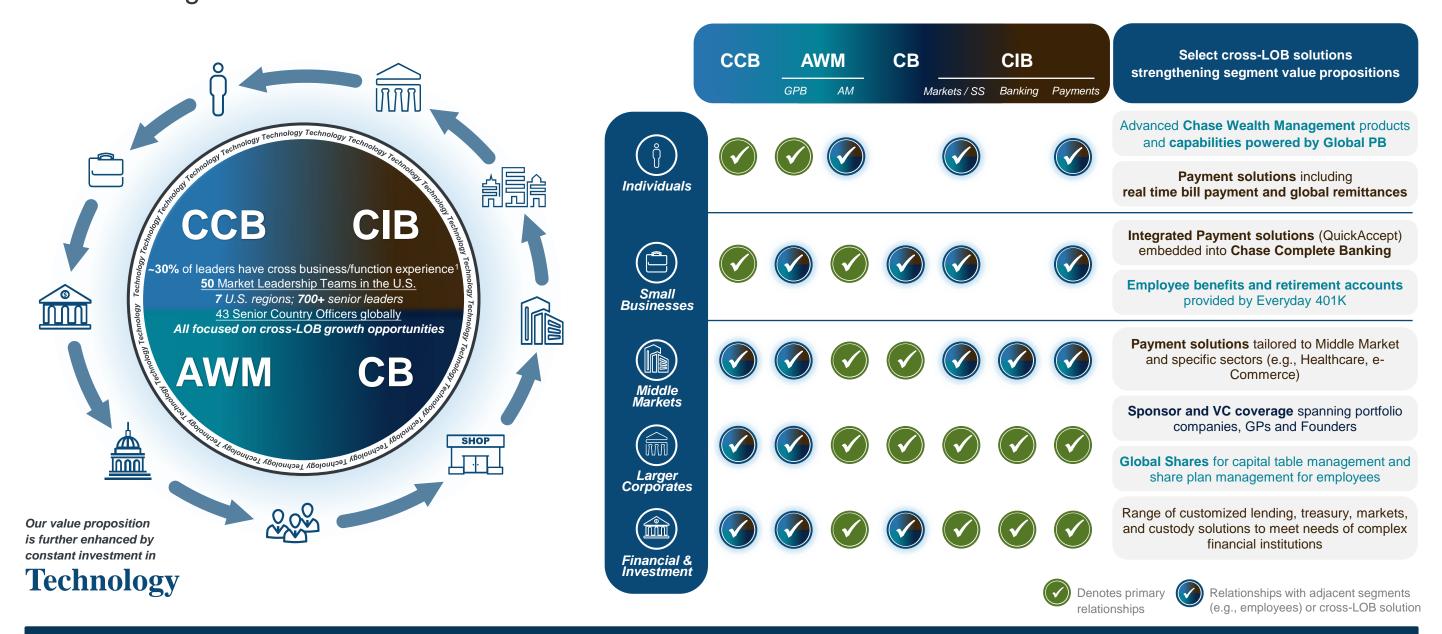


Being complete, global, diversified and at scale enables us to meet clients' and customers' needs across the spectrum and through cycles...





...strengthening relationships through multi-LOB partnerships and delivering all of JPMorgan Chase to clients throughout their lifetimes



Our product completeness and scale make us uniquely positioned to strengthen our value proposition to each client segment

## There are multiple sources of uncertainty ahead



#### **Macro environment**

- Health of the **consumer**
- Interaction between interest rates, persistent inflation and ongoing tight labor market
- Pace of QT
- Debt ceiling

#### Geopolitical

- Ongoing war in Ukraine
- US / China relations



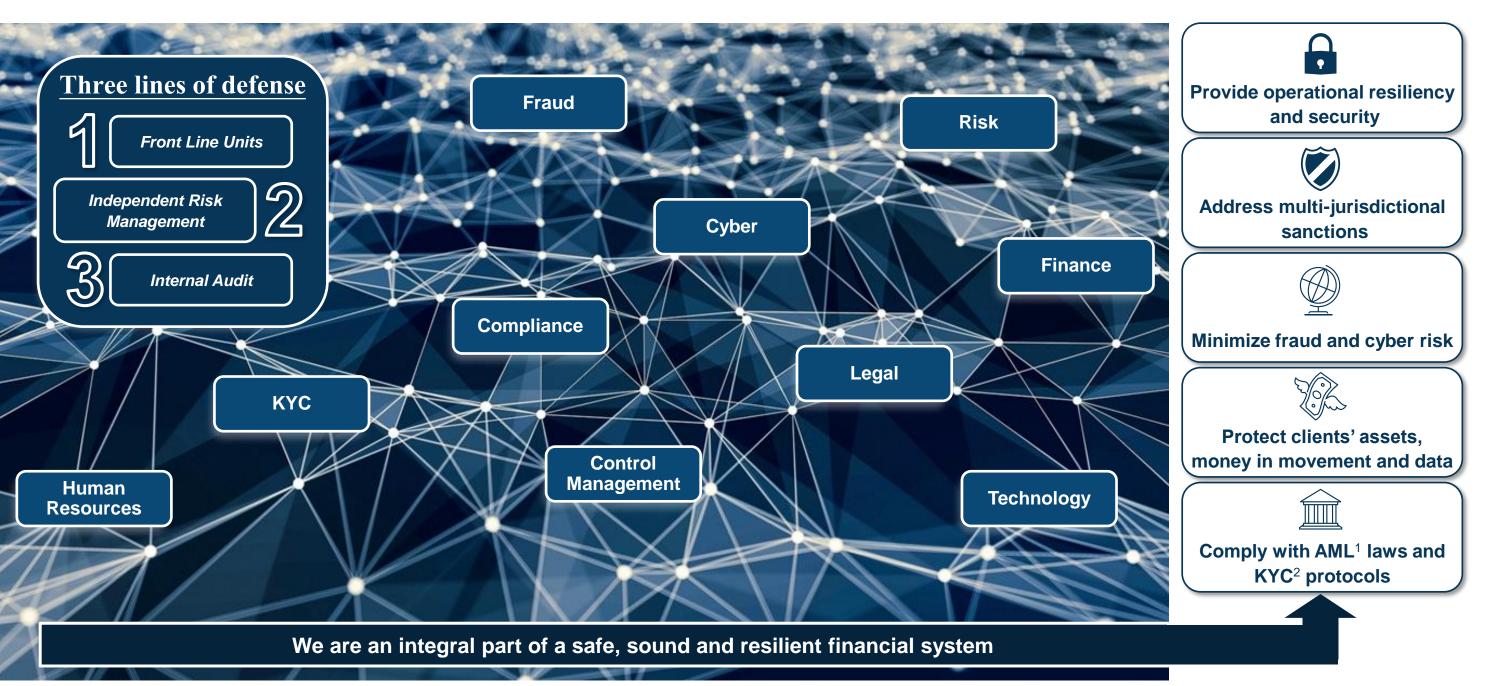
#### Regulatory

- CCAR / SCB
- Basel III endgame / holistic review
- Heightened scrutiny of the banking sector overall
- FDIC-related items

We are prepared to deliver for our clients, customers and stakeholders in any environment

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## Cybersecurity and risk management remain non-negotiable priorities



## We remain committed to advancing a sustainable and inclusive economy

## Sustainable Development Target: \$2.5T over 10 years<sup>1</sup>



## Green \$1T goal

Aiming to drive climate action and sustainable resource management

\$176B

## **Development Finance**

Working to support socioeconomic development in emerging economies

\$204B

## **Community Development**

Striving to advance economic inclusion in developed markets

\$102B



Racial Equity Commitment: \$30B over 5 years<sup>1</sup>



~\$29B

reported progress by the end of 2022

For footnoted information, refer to slide 22



Invested \$100mm+ of equity in Minority

Depository Institutions and Community

Development Financial Institutions



Opened **16 Community Center Branches**<sup>2</sup> and hired **146 Community Managers** 



Approved funding of ~\$18B in loans to incentivize the preservation of nearly 170k affordable housing rental units in the U.S.



Refinanced 14,000+
incremental mortgage
loans totaling ~\$3B



406,000 net new low-cost checking accounts with no overdraft fees



### Our strong track record has laid the foundation for our continued success



#### ...AND CONSISTENTLY INVESTING...

"We are committed to achieving high quality of earnings. This means consistently investing in our businesses"

- Jamie Dimon, 2007



Technology



Bankers, Advisors & Branches



Marketing

New and Expanded Businesses



Digital, Data, Al & Product Design

#### ...MAKING US WHO WE ARE TODAY...

2022

\$132B

Revenue<sup>3</sup>

**58%** 

Overhead ratio<sup>3</sup> vs. 69% for peers<sup>2</sup>

\$38B

Net Income

**18%** 

ROTCE1

vs. 12% for peers<sup>2</sup>

...AND PREPARING US FOR THE FUTURE

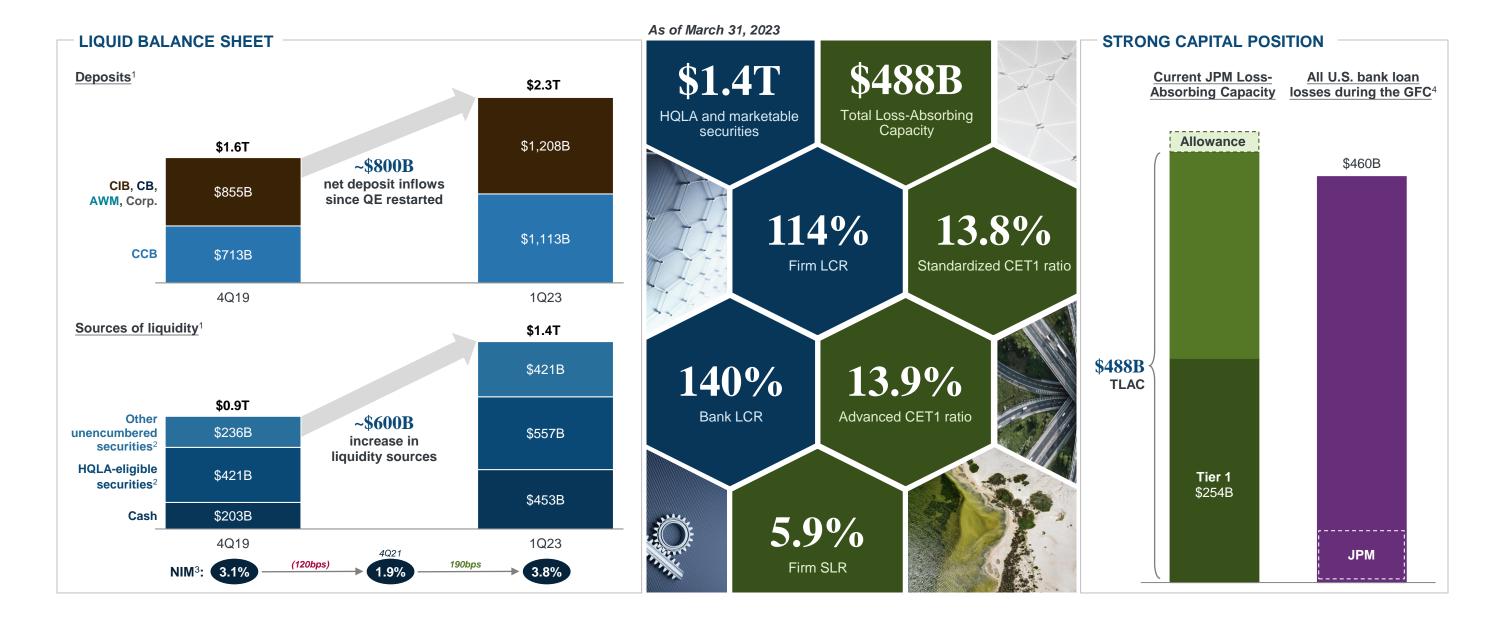




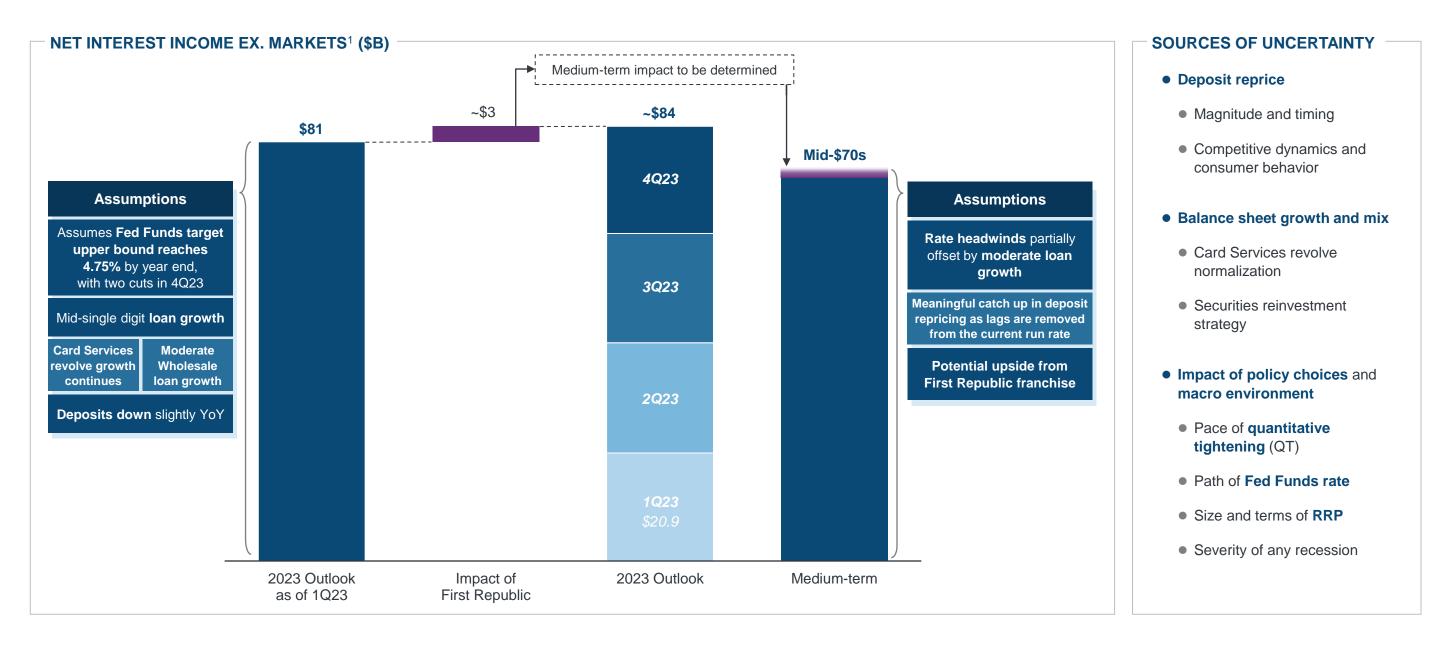




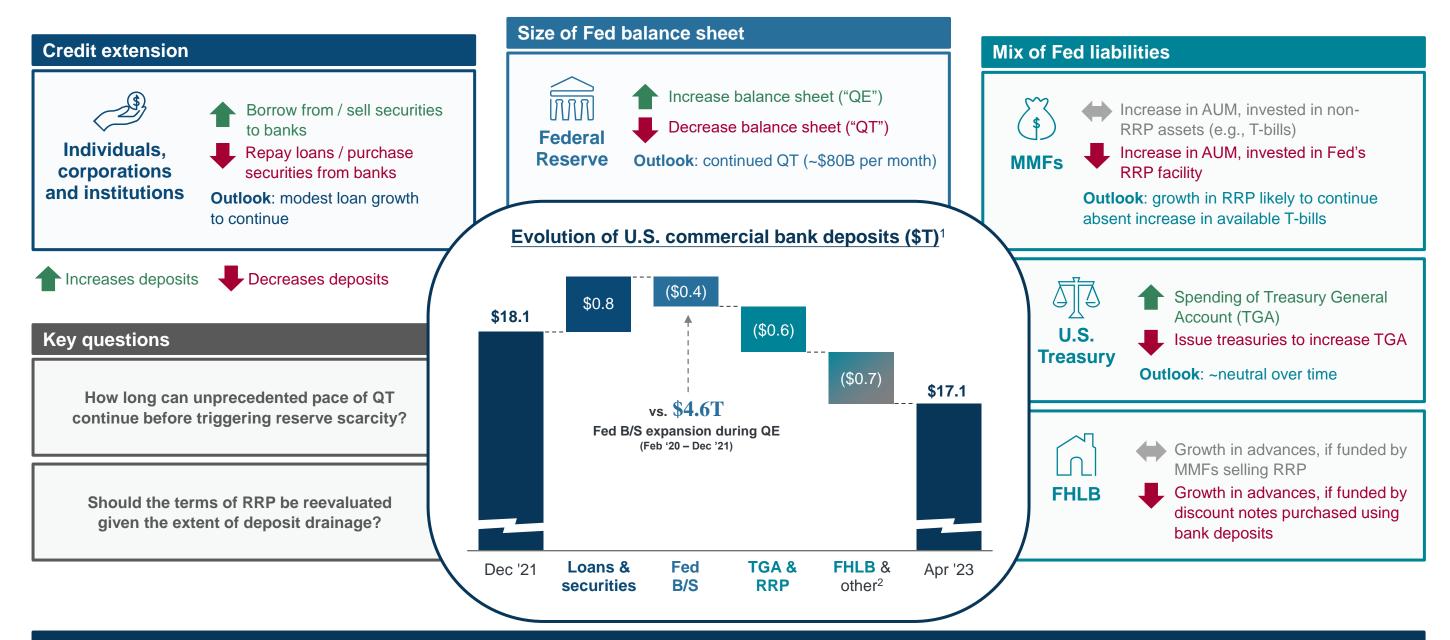
### Our fortress balance sheet principles are designed so we can be a pillar of strength in any environment



### NII ex. Markets outlook increasing to ~\$84B due to First Republic, though sources of uncertainty remain

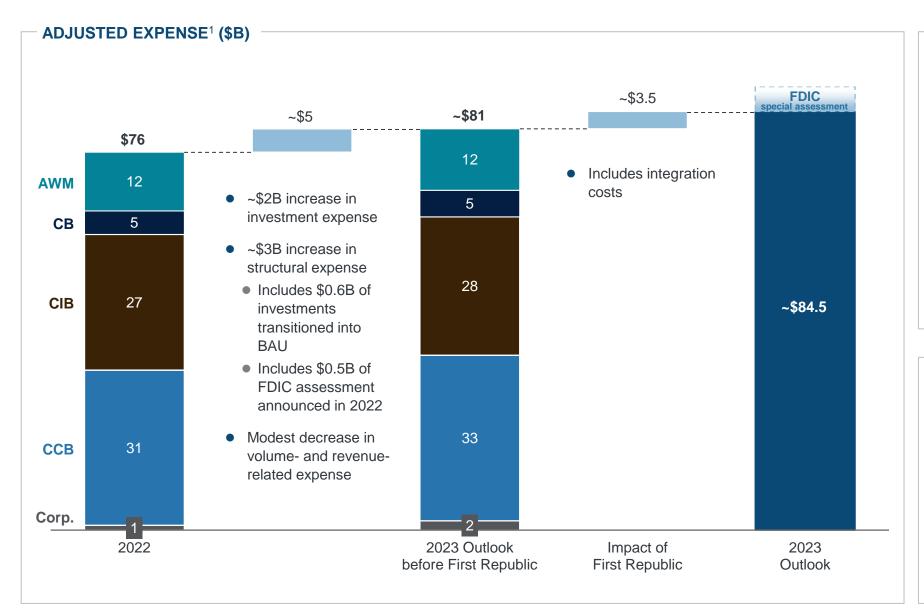


### System-wide deposit levels will depend on how QT interacts with RRP and customer behavior



Regardless of macro pressures on deposits, our strategy remains the same: focus on maintaining primary banking relationships

### Our 2023 expense outlook is unchanged excluding expenses associated with First Republic



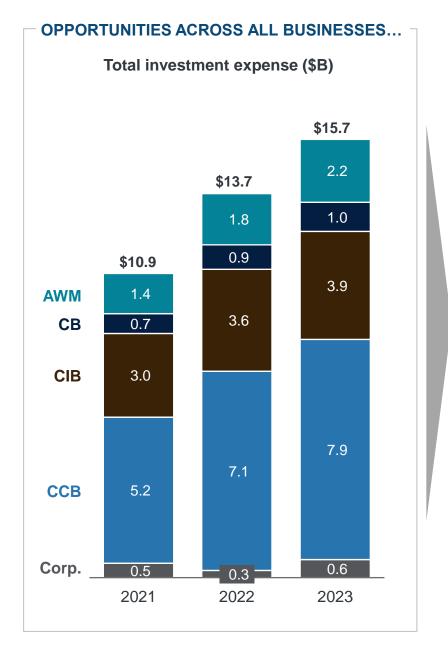
#### **FDIC CONSIDERATIONS**

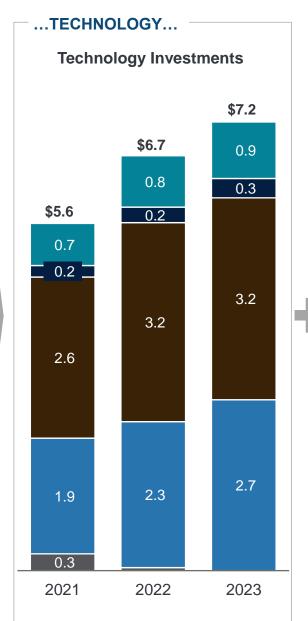
- Finalization of special assessment related to systemic risk determination
- Based on May 11 NPR:
  - Approximately \$3B, pre-tax
  - Likely to be accrued in 2023
- Assessment associated with First Republic
  - No indication of a special assessment
  - \$13B estimated loss to the DIF can be rebuilt through regular-way assessments
- Potential redesign to deposit insurance

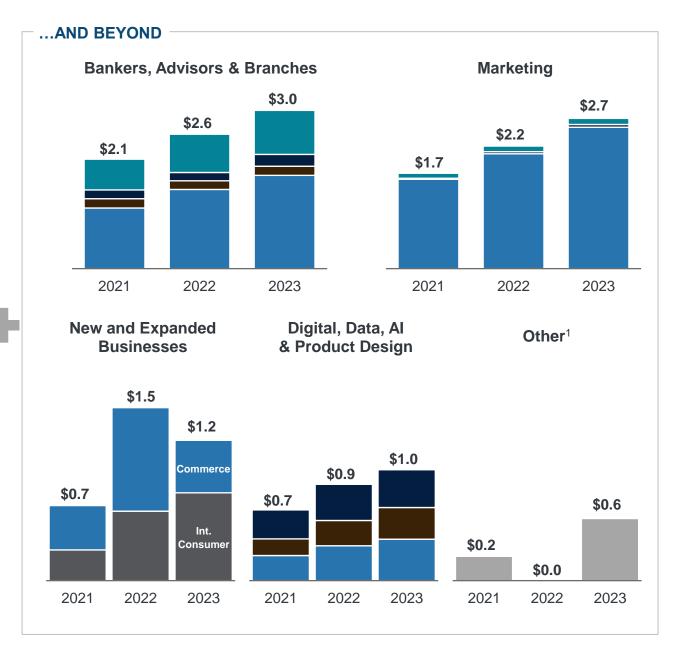
#### **2024 CONSIDERATIONS**

- Moderating labor inflation
- Continued investments
- Market-dependent increase in volume- and revenue-related expenses
- Continued efficiencies
- Integration costs related to First Republic
- Potential increases to regular-way FDIC assessments

## We continue to invest in positioning the Firm for long-term success

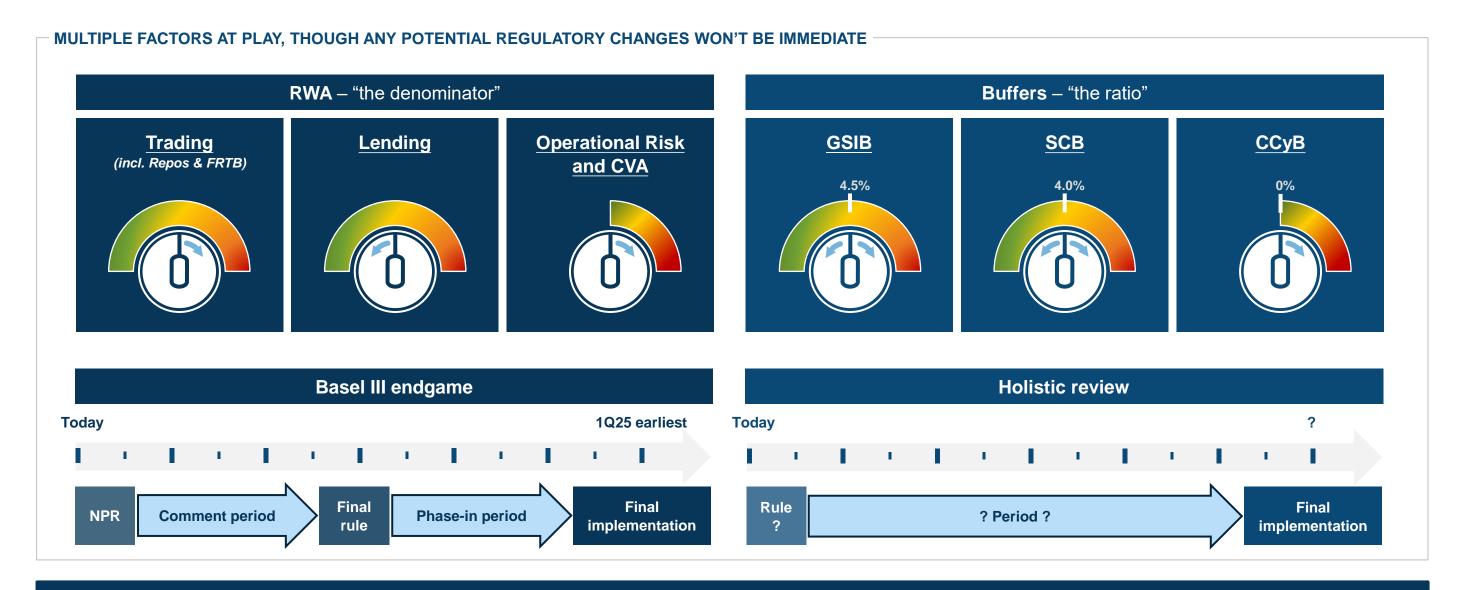






Totals may not sum due to rounding; for footnoted information, refer to slide 23

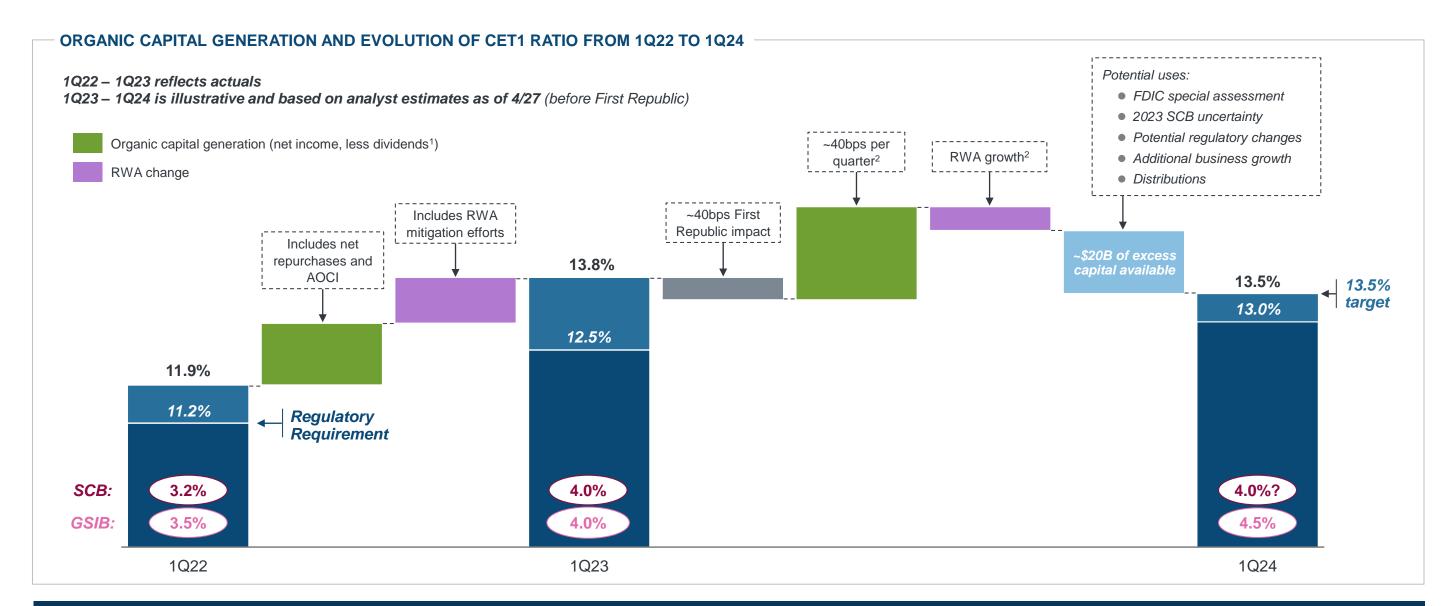
## The regulatory capital environment is uncertain...



Although the ultimate direction of the various components of capital requirements is uncertain, we are prepared for overall requirements to increase

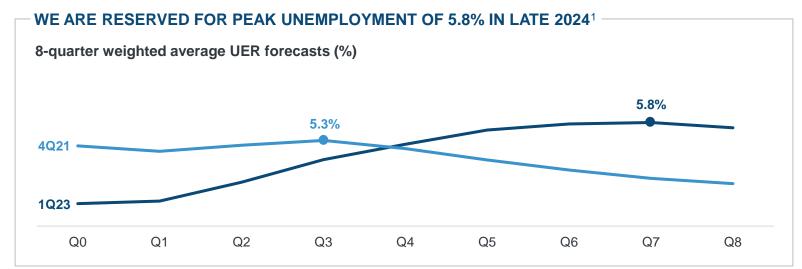
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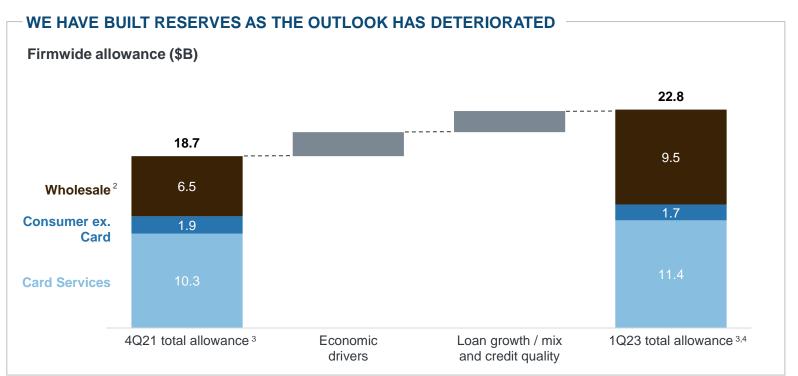
## ...but we have strong organic capital generation capabilities

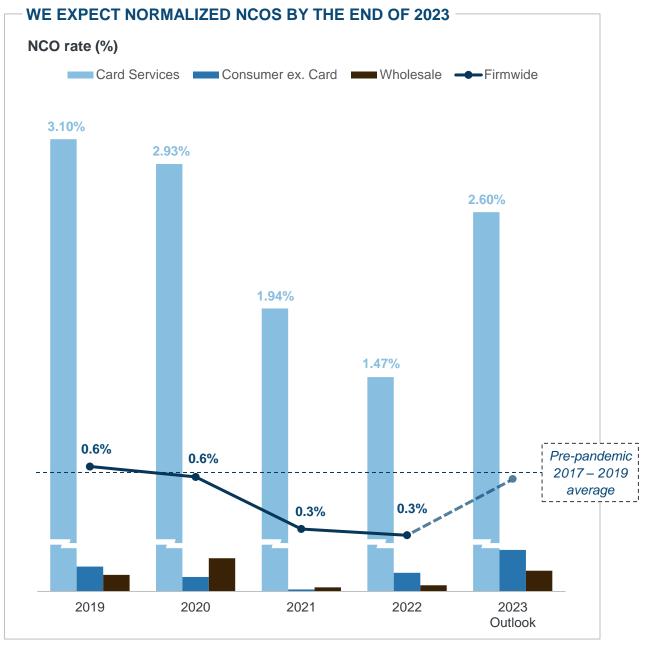


Our organic capital generation and proven balance sheet discipline enable us to dynamically adjust to headwinds and pursue strategic opportunities

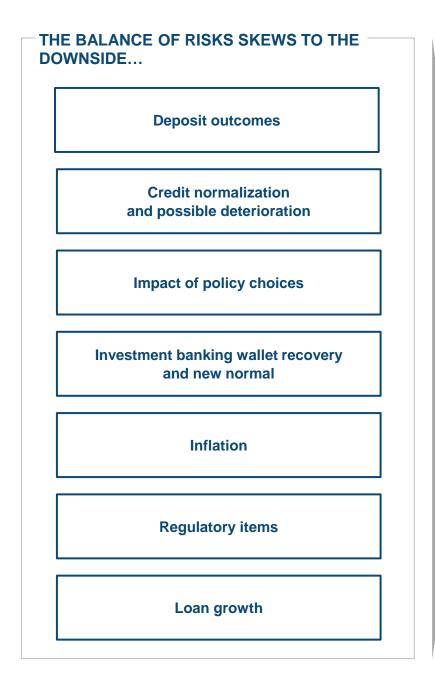
## Credit remains benign, but we expect continued normalization throughout the year

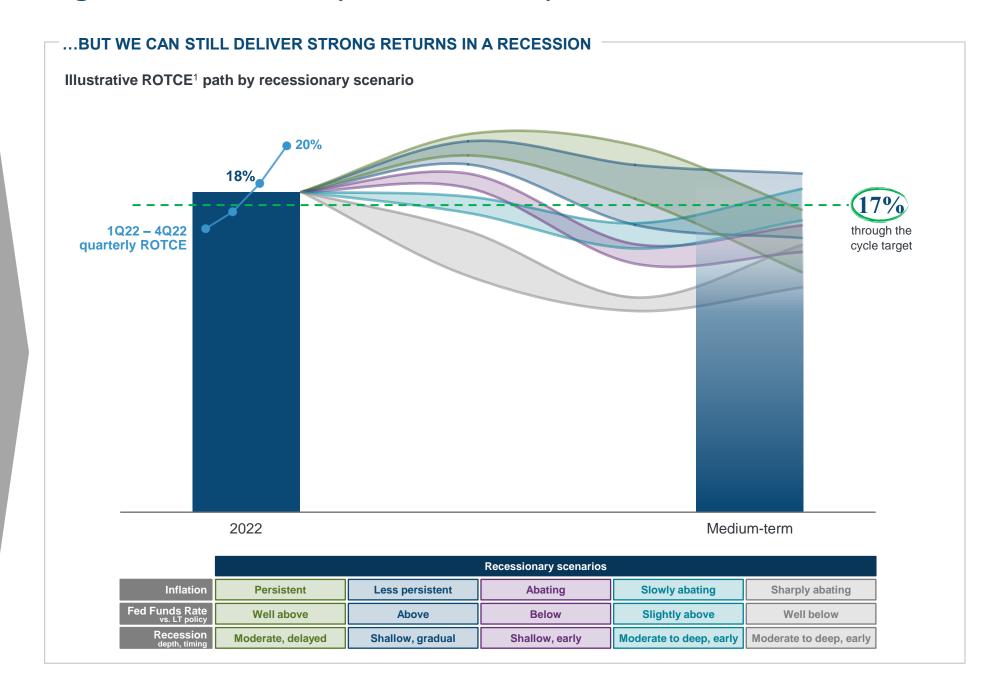






## We are positioned to generate strong ROTCE in a variety of recessionary scenarios





We remain committed to serving our clients and customers with the full breadth of our offering, while producing strong returns for all our constituents



## **Complete**

Promotes **stronger** and **deeper relationships** with customers

Diversified

Supports more stable earnings in any operating environment

~17%

ROTCE target

~\$84B

~\$84.5B
2023 adjusted expense

13.5%
Target CET1 ratio at 1Q24



Allows us to serve more clients everywhere



At Scale

Offsets margin compression through volume growth and facilitates efficiencies

See notes on slide 20 for additional information on ROTCE, NII ex. Markets and adjusted expense

#### Notes on non-GAAP financial measures

- 1. In addition to analyzing the Firm's results on a reported basis, management reviews Firmwide results, including the overhead ratio, on a "managed" basis; these Firmwide managed basis results are non-GAAP financial measures. The Firm also reviews the results of the lines of business on a managed basis. The Firm's definition of managed basis starts, in each case, with the reported U.S. GAAP results and includes certain reclassifications to present total net revenue for the Firm and each of the reportable business segments on a fully taxable-equivalent basis. Accordingly, revenue from investments that receive tax credits and tax-exempt securities is presented in the managed results on a basis comparable to taxable investments and securities. These financial measures allow management to assess the comparability of revenue from year-to-year arising from both taxable and tax-exempt sources. The corresponding income tax impact related to tax-exempt items is recorded within income tax expense. These adjustments have no impact on net income as reported by the Firm as a whole or by the lines of business. For a reconciliation of the Firm's results from a reported to managed basis for the full years 2020, 2021 and 2022, refer to page 58 of JPMorgan Chase's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022 ("2022 Form 10-K"). For all other periods presented, refer to the Explanation and Reconciliation of the Firm's Use of Non-GAAP Financial Measures disclosure in JPMorgan Chase's Annual Report on Form 10-K for each respective year
- 2. In addition to reviewing net interest income ("NII"), net yield, and noninterest revenue ("NIR") on a managed basis, management also reviews these metrics excluding CIB Markets ("Markets", which is composed of Fixed Income Markets and Equity Markets). Markets revenue consists of principal transactions, fees, commissions and other income, as well as net interest income. These metrics, which exclude Markets, are non-GAAP financial measures. Management reviews these metrics to assess the performance of the Firm's lending, investing (including asset-liability management) and deposit-raising activities, without the volatility associated with Markets activities. In addition, management also assesses Markets business performance on a total revenue basis as offsets may occur across revenue lines. For example, securities that generate net interest income may be risk-managed by derivatives that are reflected at fair value in principal transactions revenue. Management believes that disclosure of these measures provides investors and analysts with alternative measures to analyze the revenue trends of the Firm. For a reconciliation of NII, net yield, and NIR from reported to excluding Markets for the full year 2022 and the first quarter of 2023, refer to page 59 of JPMorgan Chase's 2022 Form 10-K and page 17 of JPMorgan Chase's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2023, respectively. For all other periods presented, refer to the Explanation and Reconciliation of the Firm's Use of Non-GAAP Financial Measures disclosure in JPMorgan Chase's Annual Report on Form 10-K for each respective year
- 3. Tangible common equity ("TCE"), return on tangible common equity ("ROTCE") and tangible book value per share ("TBVPS"), are each non-GAAP financial measures. TCE represents the Firm's common stockholders' equity (i.e., total stockholders' equity less preferred stock) less goodwill and identifiable intangible assets (other than mortgage servicing rights), net of related deferred tax liabilities. ROTCE measures the Firm's net income applicable to common equity as a percentage of average TCE. TBVPS represents the Firm's TCE at period-end divided by common shares at period-end. TCE, ROTCE and TBVPS are utilized by the Firm, as well as investors and analysts, in assessing the Firm's use of equity. For a reconciliation from common stockholders' equity to TCE for the full years 2020, 2021 and 2022, refer to page 60 of JPMorgan Chase's 2022 Form 10-K. For all other periods presented, refer to the Explanation and Reconciliation of the Firm's Use of Non-GAAP Financial Measures disclosure in JPMorgan Chase's Annual Report on Form 10-K for each respective year
- 4. Adjusted expense, which excludes Firmwide legal expense, is a non-GAAP financial measure. Adjusted noninterest expense excludes Firmwide legal expense of \$266mm for the full year ended December 31, 2022. Management believes this information helps investors understand the effect of certain items on reported results and provides an alternate presentation of the Firm's performance

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#### Notes on slide 3

#### Slide 3 – We have leading client and customer-centric franchises

- 1. Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) 2022 Summary of Deposits survey per S&P Global Market Intelligence applies a \$1B deposit cap to Chase and industry branches for market share. While many of our branches have more than \$1B in retail deposits, applying a cap consistently to ourselves and the industry is critical to the integrity of this measurement. Includes all commercial banks, savings banks and savings institutions as defined by the FDIC
- 2. Based on 2022 sales volume and loans outstanding disclosures by peers (American Express Company (AXP), Bank of America Corporation, Capital One Financial Corporation, Citigroup Inc. and Discover Financial Services) and JPMorgan Chase estimates. Sales volume excludes private label and Commercial Card. AXP reflects the U.S. Consumer segment and JPMorgan Chase estimates for AXP's U.S. small business sales. Loans outstanding exclude private label, AXP Charge Card, Citi Retail Cards and Commercial Card
- 3. Barlow Research Associates, Primary Bank Market Share Database as of 4Q22. Rolling 8-quarter average of small businesses with revenue of more than \$100,000 and less than \$25mm
- 4. Dealogic as of April 3, 2023. Rank for 2022
- 5. Coalition Greenwich Competitor Analytics. Based on JPMorgan Chase's internal business structure and revenue. Rank for 2022, based on Coalition Index Banks for Markets
- 6. Coalition Greenwich Competitor Analytics. Reflects global J.P. Morgan Treasury Services business (CIB and CB). Based on JPMorgan Chase's internal business structure and revenue. Rank for 2022, based on Coalition Index Banks for Treasury Services
- 7. Euromoney
- 8. Active ETF Rank (Simfund)
- 9. In the U.S.. S&P Global Market Intelligence as of December 31, 2022
- 10. Refinitiv LPC, 2022
- 11. Represents general purpose credit card spend, which excludes private label and Commercial Card. Based on company filings and JPMorgan Chase estimates
- 12. Data as of 2017
- 13. Includes gross revenues earned by the Firm, that are subject to a revenue sharing arrangement with the CIB, for products sold to CB clients through the Investment Banking, Markets or Payments businesses. This includes revenues related to fixed income and equity markets products
- 14. In the fourth quarter of 2022, certain revenue from CIB markets products was reclassified from investment banking to payments. In the first quarter of 2020, the Merchant Services business was realigned from CCB to CIB. With the realignment, revenue is now reported across CCB, CIB and CB based primarily on client relationship. Financials from 2012 were revised to conform with the current presentation. Includes growth of \$161mm that is also included in the Gross IB revenue metric
- 15. In the fourth quarter of 2020, the Firm realigned certain wealth management clients from AWM to CCB. Prior-period amounts have been revised to conform with the current presentation
- 16. 90% of 10-year J.P. Morgan Asset Management long-term mutual fund AUM performed above peer median. All quartile rankings, the assigned peer categories and the asset values used to derive this analysis are sourced from the fund ranking providers. Quartile rankings are done on the net-of-fee absolute return of each fund. The data providers re-denominate the asset values into U.S. dollars. This % of AUM is based on fund performance and associated peer rankings at the share class level for U.S.-domiciled funds, at a "primary share class" level to represent the quartile ranking of U.K., Luxembourg and Hong Kong funds, and at the fund level for all other funds. The "primary share class" is defined as C share class for European funds and Acc share class for Hong Kong and Taiwan funds. In case the share classes defined are not available, the oldest share class is used as the primary share class. The performance data could have been different if all share classes would have been included. Past performance is not indicative of future results. Effective September 2021, the Firm has changed the peer group ranking source from Lipper to Morningstar for U.S.-domiciled funds (except for Municipal and Investor Funds) and Taiwan-domiciled funds, to better align these funds to the providers and peer groups it believes most appropriately reflects their competitive positioning. This change may positively or adversely impact, substantially in some cases, the quartile rankings for one or more of these funds as compared with how they would have been ranked by Lipper for this reporting period or future reporting periods. The source for determining the rankings for all other funds remains the same. The classifications in terms of product suites and product engines shown are J.P. Morgan's own and are based on internal investment management structures
- 17. Refers to total client asset flows

#### Notes on slides 4-10

Slide 4 – Being complete, global, diversified and at scale enables us to meet clients' and customers' needs across the spectrum and through cycles...

- 1. Totals may not sum due to rounding. See note 1 on slide 20
- 2. In the first quarter of 2023, the allocations of revenue and expense to CCB associated with a Merchant Services revenue sharing agreement were discontinued and are now retained in Payments in CIB. Prior-period amounts have been revised to conform with this presentation
- 3. Ex. Markets. See note 2 on slide 20
- 4. Total payment volumes reflect Consumer and Small Business customers' digital (ACH, BillPay, PayChase, Zelle, RTP, External Transfers, Digital Wires), Non-digital (Non-digital Wires, ATM, Teller, Checks) and credit and debit card payment outflows
- 5. Based on firmwide data using regulatory reporting guidelines as prescribed by the Federal Reserve Board

#### Slide 5 – ...strengthening relationships through multi-LOB partnerships and delivering all of JPMorgan Chase to clients throughout their lifetimes

1. As of May 5, 2023, 30% of MD employees up to two levels down from the Operating Committee had cross-sub-LOB and/or cross-function mobility since 2017

#### Slide 7 – Cybersecurity and risk management remain non-negotiable priorities

- 1. Anti-money laundering ("AML")
- 2. Know your customer ("KYC")

#### Slide 8 – We remain committed to advancing a sustainable and inclusive economy

- 1. Select highlights, refer to our 2022 ESG report for additional detail
- 2. Total Community Center Branches as of April 30, 2023

#### Slide 9 – Our strong track record has laid the foundation for our continued success

- 1. See note 3 on slide 20
- 2. Peers include Bank of America, Citigroup, Goldman Sachs, Morgan Stanley and Wells Fargo
- 3. See note 1 on slide 20

#### Slide 10 – Our fortress balance sheet principles are designed so we can be a pillar of strength in any environment

- 1. Totals may not sum due to rounding. Deposits are average for the quarter
- 2. HQLA-eligible securities includes the Firm's average eligible HQLA securities and average eligible HQLA securities held by JPMorgan Chase Bank, National Association ("JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A.") that is in excess of its stand-alone 100% minimum LCR requirement and not transferable to non-bank affiliates, and thus excluded from the Firm's reported HQLA under the LCR rule. Other unencumbered securities includes other end-of-period unencumbered marketable securities, such as equity and debt securities
- 3. Net yield on average interest-earning assets excluding Markets. See note 2 on slide 20
- 4. All U.S. banks' loan losses for the Great Financial Crisis calculated as losses for peak loss years (2009-2011). S&P Capital IQ

#### Notes on slides 11-18

#### Slide 11 – NII ex. Markets outlook increasing to ~\$84B due to First Republic, though sources of uncertainty remain

1. See notes 1 and 2 on slide 20

#### Slide 12 - System-wide deposit levels will depend on how QT interacts with RRP and customer behavior

- 1. Totals may not sum due to rounding
- 2. Includes items from both the Fed balance sheet and all Commercial Banks balance sheets that influence deposits but are not reflected in the other data presented

#### Slide 13 – Our 2023 expense outlook is unchanged excluding expenses associated with First Republic

1. See note 4 on slide 20. Totals may not sum due to rounding

#### Slide 14 – We continue to invest in positioning the Firm for long-term success

1. Other includes selected LOB-related acquisition expenses and investments associated with the company's real estate expenses

#### Slide 16 – ...but we have strong organic capital generation capabilities

- 1. Dividends include common and preferred stock dividends
- 2. Represents the median consensus of research analyst estimates as of April 27, 2023

#### Slide 17 – Credit remains benign, but we expect continued normalization throughout the year

- 1. As of March 31, 2023
- 2. Wholesale includes allowance for credit losses in Corporate
- 3. Totals may not sum due to rounding; 4Q21 and 1Q23 total allowance include \$42mm and \$90mm, respectively, on investment securities
- 4. On January 1, 2023, the Firm adopted changes to the TDR accounting guidance. The adoption of this guidance resulted in a net reduction in the allowance for loan losses of approximately \$600mm

#### Slide 18 – We are positioned to generate strong ROTCE in a variety of recessionary scenarios

1. See note 3 on slide 20. ROTCE ranges indicated are estimates